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WILHELM, STEPPING **OUT, HOPES REGENT WILL SAVE NATION**

Signs Abdication in Holland, Berlin Semi-Official Bureau Advises.

CONFERS WITH HIS WIFE ON FUTURE RESIDENCE

Frau Hohenzollern Makes Brave Attempt to Smile on Reaching Holland.

By the Associated Press. LONDON, November 30.-Former Emperor William signed his abdication at Amerongen, Holland, yesterday, according to a dispatch to the Wolff

Bureau of Berlin, transmitted by the

Exchange Telegraph correspondent at The abdication decree, according to the message, expressed the hope that "the new regent" would be able to proteet the German people against anarchy, starvation and foreign suprem-

The use of the word regent in the

possibly significant. "Definitely Renounces."

AMSTERDAM, November 30 .- Wilhas released all officials and officers They are: from their oath of fealty, according | Possibility of a friendly interven-

formal document of Emperor William's siderable majority over the bolshevik abdication has already arrived in Berlin, according to a Berlin dispatch to the Abendbladt.

former kaiser a formal proclamation of

Awaited Former Empress' Coming. AMERONGEN, Holland, Friday, Noember 29 .- It is understood here that William Hohenzollern has been awaiting the arrival of his wife before

going elsewhere. Germans in his suite believe he will return to Germany, and are optimistic enough to think he will resume the throne.

Ing to the Treedom of the seas and the proposed Teague of nations.

So far as can be gathered the attitude of the United States toward Russia remains unchanged, and also not very clearly defined. The United States has been foremost among the

delighted. One of Herr Hohenzollern's wide latitude in determining their servants is reported to have said that his master was "much brighter" and to have added: "Things are looking Mexico."

Wide latitude in determining their own form of government. This attitude is much the same as that toward to have added: "Things are looking Mexico." It was better for us.

The former empress was accompanied to Holland by a party of eight. The party comprised Countess von Keller, a lady of honor; Prince you olma, former chief court chamberlain; Count Rantzau, a court physician,

Meeting Was Affecting.

The meeting between the former though eyewitnesses describe the scene as "surely worthy the painter's brush" no description of the reunion

has become public.

Count von Bentinck, the host of the former imperial couple, suavely points out his delicate position and declines to answer questions regarding. Here out his delicate position and declines to answer questions regarding Herr and Frau Hohenzollern, giving as his ground that the Dutch government is the host and that he has no right to make known the details of the daily life of the visitors. The former emperor is surrounded tain

relied upon to keep their closed. The arrival of his mouths closed. The arrival of his wife caused little excitement in the village and no display of the gendarmeries, as there were few persons at the station to witness her debarks.

Trieste Jugo-Slavs.

Briefly, the question to be settled between Italy and the Jugo-Slavs concerns the eastern coast of the Adriatic. Italy's right to the Trentino and Trieste regions is not disputed. darmeries, as there were few persons at the station to witness her debarka-tion from the train.

She Bravely Attempts to Smile. MAARSBERGEN, Holland, Thurs-MAARSBERGEN, Holland, Thurspeninsula and Dalmatia were hers on day, November 28 (By the Associated historical and ethnographic grounds. Press).—In the raw, misty weather of will a November morning Frau Augusta Victoria, wife of the once German emperor. arrived here today from Potsdam to join her husband in exile in Amerongan Castle.

Maarsbergen is the station before Maaru, where William Hohenzollern arrived sixteen days ago. It is about equidistant between Maaru and the There was no official reception or

tration of any kind when the ex-kaiserin arrived.

Arriving here, the former empress was handed over to Count von Ben-tinck, the host of the former emperor. by the captain of the rural gendar-merie, who, acting under orders, had escorted her from Zevenaar, the first Dutch frontier station, to her destina-

Augusta Victoria's looks belied the prostration. She put on a brave attempt at a smile when she arrived here, but the drawn corners of her mouth betrayed the effects of her re-cent trials. Also she shuddered a little in encountering the raw air out-

baggage of the former empress, prolonged stay, consisted of a numof wicker baskets and boxes probably containing wine, marked imperial cellars."

The former empress were a plain dark tailormade velvet dress and a Adriatic was recognized as a source of danger, but now with U-boats entering into naval strategy, and long-The train will return to Germany

this evening with Count Platen, Maj. H'rshfeld and Count von Moltke of the former emperor's immediate en-tourage, whose baggage includes many untidy cardboard boxes, which are piled upon the station

After the arrival of Augusta Victoria at Maarsbergen the next train to stop was crowded with Scottish will press her claim to Dalmatia. Her states and the remained until 1908. His will press her claim to Dalmatia. Her states will press her claim to Dalmatia.

GERMAN FACTION SEIZES WIRELESS FOR PROPAGANDA

BERLIN, Friday, November 29.-A group of independent social democrats, closely, identified with the Spartacus ele-ment of Dr. Liebknecht, has seized control of all wireless stations in Germany, and now is transmitting propaganda and other news, the Berlin Tageblatt other news, the Berlin Tageblatt says it is informed.
Chancellor Ebert and Herr Haase, on behalf of the government, the newspaper adds, warn the press at home and abroad of this condition, and declare further that the government will not assume responsibility for wireless information now being sent out of Germany.

RUSS INTERVENTION WILL BE ISSUE AT PEACE CONFERENCE

Problems Between Italy and the Jugo-Slavs Also Expected to Loom Large.

Two topics which have received litmessage is commented upon here as the attention recently will loom large in the forthcoming peace conference, and they are engaging growing interest among American officials and allied liam Hohenzollern has definitely renounced all future rights to the are closely following the preliminary crowns of Prussia and Germany and discussions concerning peace terms.

to the text of a document signed by tion in Russia, in support of the elethe former emperor, which is quoted ment there which stands for an orin a telegram received here from derly and stable government. This element is represented by Russians COPENHAGEN, November 29 .- The now in Washington as being in conelements.

The important part Italy will play at the peace table, because of the increasing counter claims of Italy and istate Department advices from The lingue today reported that Admiral von lintze, formerly head of the German navy, was in Holland to obtain from the former keisen e formerly necleonation of

Russ-Balkan Issue Sidetracked.

Strangely enough, the Russian and Balkan problems long ago were thought to be the paramount issues at the peace table, but recently they have been sidetracked in public interest at least by the questions relating to the "freedom of the seas" and

A member of Count von Bentinck's associated actions in feeding the second to the secon wife arrived, and seemed particularly principle of allowing the Russians a delighted. One of Herr Hohenzollern's wide latitude in determining their

Allied Forces in Russia Welcome. But among some allied representa-tives here the feeling has grown, and Russians now are in Washington who confirm that feeling, that an allied force sent into Russia would be wel-comed by the large anti-bolshevik population, supported by it, and would force sent into Russia would be welcomed by the large anti-bolshevik population supported by it, and would be within a month or so instrumental in aiding the best elements of the Russian people in setting up a democratic and responsible government.

In the formal statement, and no one professing to be in the confidence of the President would talk. There was only one surprise in the statement—the appearance of the name of Gen. Bliss as one of the representatives. It had been taken for constitution and the statement and no one professing to be in the confidence of the President would talk. German emperor and empress is de-clared to have been affecting. Al-though even itnesses describe the will be urged upon the peace gress by representatives bot Italy and France, who are

no question about them, and with c The former emperor is surrounded tain other problems which arise the growing territorial aspin may be relied upon to keep their of the Jugo-Slavs. territorial aspirations

Trieste regions is not disputed. Her part in the war is recognized in justifying her claims to the irredenta comprised in these regions. In addi-tion Italy has argued that the eastern But before the peace conference she will put forth an additional claim for control of the eastern Adriatic coast. That claim is that this region is necessary for her future protection and the avoidance of other wars.

How Countries May Line Up. Italy has declared herself in support attention to affairs of state.

New Status of Adriatic.

(Continued on Second Page.)

PRESIDENT'S NAME HEADS THE LIST OF PEACE DELEGATES

Secretary Lansing, Henry White, E. M. House and Gen. Bliss Accompany Him.

GROUP OF FOUR TO HAVE AMBASSADOR RANK

Mr. Wilson Likely to Take Part Only in Discussions of Treaty's Main Points.

Representatives of the United States the peace conference will be:

President Wilson.

Robert Lansing, Secretary of State. Henry White, former ambassador to France and Italy. E. M. House.

Gen. Tasker H. Bliss, representative of the American Army with the supreme war council at Versailles.

This announcement was made last night at the White House. In the absence of any official explanation it was assumed that the President goes as President of the United States, and that Secretary Lansing, Mr. White and Col. House, and possibly also Gen. Bliss, will be delegates with ambassadorial rank.

Officials indicated today that the White House announcement purposely left in doubt the exact status of the representatives because the President had not been fully informed as to the exact formalities of procedure in or-ganizing the conference. Secretary Lansing was chosen to head the American delegation, but the

head the American delegation, but the question of whether the President himself during his stay in France will be considered a part of the delegation proper may depend upon the course adopted by the heads of the other great associated governments. Since in Mr. Wilson as President of the United States lies all the power that will be exercised on the part of America in the conference, and the delegates must act as a unit in accordance with his decisions, the only question involved so far as he is concerned is one of

It was recalled that the President's announcement that he would go to France "for the purpose of taking part in the discussion and seftlement of the main features of the treaty of peace," said that it was not likely that he could remain throughout sessions of the peace conference and that he would be "accompanied by delegates who will sit as the representatives of the United States throughout the conference."

Text of Official Statement. The White House announcement fol-

"It was announced at the executive giated nations in recognizing the offices tonight that the representarecently ambassador to France; Mr. Edward M. House, and Gen. Tasker

> "It was explained that it had not been possible to announce these ap-pointments before because the num-ber of representatives each of the chief belligerents was to send had until a day or two ago been under

> White House officials would add nothing to the formal statement, and granted that the general military rep-resentative of the United States on the supreme war council would take part in the discussions at Versailles but the general idea had be but the general idea had been he would be attached to the delegation in a military capacity, just as Admiral Benson probably will be present as spokesman for the Navy in the great naval problems to be solved.

News Develops Thursday. Thursday callers at the White House

gained the distinct impression that there would be but three accredited delegates of full rank. It was suggested that the name of Gcn. Bliss probably was added at the last mo-ment, upon receipt of information that the allied powers would include a military man among their representa-

The premiers of Great Britain, France and Italy are expected to at-tend the peace conference as repre-sentatives of their governments, but like the President, may not remain throughout the conferences. The gen-eral understanding here is that pres-ent plans are to have the conference first agree to the broad principles of the treaty and leave the working out of details to further sittings.

This would enable the President and the entente premiers speedily to return to the capitals of their respective

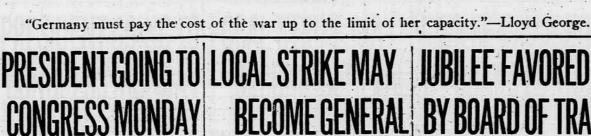
Italy has declared herself in support of the President's fourteen peace principles, and she will be found backing up the United States in respect to the President's views on freedom of the seas and a league of nations. Incidentally, so far as the league of nations is concerned, the present line-up seems to be that England and Italy win support the President's views, with France somewhat indifferent and perhaps opposed. The question of the freedom of the seas appears likely to be one which will be thrashed out largely between England and the United States, with France inclined to England's view and Italy lending her United States, with France inclined to England's view and Italy lending her support to the United States.

But, though Italy is on record for the league of nations, the view of her statesmen seems to be that such a league is a possibility, but not an assured fact. Therefore, so far as her own national protection is concerned, she prefers to make sure of her control of the Adriatic, an essential if she would defend herself against at-

Diplomat of Experience.

Mr. White, the republican of the delegation, is a diplomat of long experience, who began as secretary of the American legation in Vienna in 1884. from Douglas Fairbanks, moying picof danger, but now with U-boats entering into naval strategy, and long-range guns, which could easily attack her across the narrow northern portions of the Adriatic, only forty miles wide at one point, she holds that her position in the Adriatic is even more position in the Adriatic is even more vital to her safety.

Tience, who began as several in 1884. He served as secretary of embassy, at various capitals, represented the united States at several great international gatherings, and in 1905 was appointed ambassador to Italy by President Roosevelt. Two years later was made ambassador to France, (Co....iued on Fifth Page.)



Joint Session at One O'Clock Painters and Paperhangers Vote to Join in Demand for Higher Wages.

CONGRESS MONDAY

Called to Receive

Address.

President Wilson will address the

new session of Congress Monday after

Europe to attend the peace confer-

Congress is awaited with intense in-

problems ahead of the country in re-

and the country something of his

plans for the peace conference to which he goes in person at the head of the representatives of the United

Until April by Releasing

Army Reserve Stores.

has food enough to last until April i

former condition from the last har-

There should be no famine in Ger-

Held Based on Isolated Cases.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY OF

OCCUPATION, Friday, November 29

(by the Asociated Press) .- An Ameri-

can, who has just returned from a

trip which extended as far as Frank-

fort, Germany, says that the with-

drawal of the German troops, under

direction of Field Marshal von Hin denburg, is being conducted in a most

orderly manner everywhere, despite

familiar with military matters gener-

ally and says that from his own ob-

servations he believes the withdrawa

Another American who has returned

from Germany says that on Wednes-

day he passed German troops all day.

He believes that reports that the

Jermans are disorganized are based

MOVIE STAR IS DIVORCED.

Mrs. Douglas Fairbanks Given De-

cree and Custody of Son.

30.-Mrs. Beth S. Fairbanks today won

years old. The record of the testi-

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., November

a few isolated cases where indi-

or small groups have caused

is being carried out perfectly.

reports to the contrary. This man is

among the different states.

been touched.

FOOD CONDITIONS NOT

the second day of the session.

Senate and House leaders

after the address was delivered.

OTHER TRADES AFFECTED

noon, instead of following the usual One thousand painters and paper custom of delivering the address on hangers may go on strike Monday asked today to arrange for a joint who struck for higher wages Wednessession at 1 o'clock Monday, so as to hasten the President's departure for day and are still "out."

The painters and paperhangers' ence. It has been stated that he local union decided upon this course would sail from New York the day at a meeting held last night, it is understood. Representatives of the The President's appearance before union spent today placing their demands for a straight \$1 an hour wage terest. Besides discussing the great before the boss painters and paperadjusting itself from & war to a peace

hangers of the city. Unless these de declared, the painters and paperhangers of the city affiliated with the union will strike Monday, bringing to an absolute standstill construction work in the National Capital.

Likely to Embrace Other Trades. One prominent building superintendent expressed the opinion today that if the painters and paperhangers strike the contagion will spread to all CRITICAL IN GERMANY he other trades. In fact, he declared, the other trades. In lact, he declared the various building trades are so interlocked that the elimination of one Zurich Learns Supply Will Last from a job practically means that the other building operations must cease. The prospect on the labor horizon here is anything but pleasing, contractors and officials declared. It is properly assigned that ZURICH, Friday, November 29.— Food conditions in Germany are by no means so critical and urgent as Dr. W. S. Solf, the foreign minister would finishers and lathers on strike.

W. S. Solf, the foreign minister, would Negotiations Are Fruitless. lead the world to believe, according to information received here. Germany E. P. Marsh, commissioner of con-ciliation of the Department of Labor, has as yet been unable to straighten matters out with the striking plas-terers and cement workers. Negotiathe army reserve stores are placed at the disposal of the people. Those reserves were drawn upon in October to tions with the men yesterday by the feed certain parts of the country, but Labor Department official were fruit-

they have been restored to their Painters and paperhangers working on the government dormitories on Union station plaza were not at work vest. Since October they have not today, but this was due to the fact that these men are employes of the firm of James Linskey & Son, which ed today owing to the death many this winter, it is said, if strict rationing is enforced and stocks are methodically and regularly distributed are of Daniel Linskey.

Plumbers Asking Raise.

Members of the plumbers' union are HUN WITHDRAWAL ORDERLY.

In egotiating with the master plumbers of the city in an effort to secure wages of \$1.25 an hour.

Builders are fearful that the plumbers of the plumbers union are negotiating with the master plumbers of the plumbers union are negotiating with the master plumbers of the plumbers union are negotiating with the master plumbers of the plumbers union are negotiating with the master plumbers of the plumbers of the plumbers union are negotiating with the master plumbers of the master plumbers of the master plumbers of the plumbers of the master plumbers of the master plumbers of the master plumbers of the city in an effort to secure wages of \$1.25 an hour.

Builders are fearful that the plumbers of the city in an effort to secure wages of \$1.25 an hour. ers, steamhters and electrician may take drastic action to enforce demands for higher wages. Carpenters of the city are understood to be willing to wait until January 1 to present de-

BERLIN WIRES REPLY TO BRITISH THREAT

Says Everything Is Being Done by Germany to Assure Orderly Beturn of Prisoners.

AMSTERDAM, November 30 .- In re sponse to a threat by the British armistice commissioners that hostilities would be resumed unless the conditions under which prisoners were arriving in the allied lines was remedied, a Berlin telegram declares that everything is being done by Ger-many to assure the orderly return of The German response adds that the regular transport of returning pris-oners now is insured, and that such transport has already been effected to a considerable extent.

BREST TO GREET PRESIDENT.

from Douglas Fairbanks, moving pic-French Port Planning Great Recepture actor, in the supreme court here. tion to Mr. Wilson. She was awarded the custody of their PARIS, November 30 (Havas), son, Douglas Fairbanks, jr., eight

Brest is planning a great reception respondent as "an unknown woman."

Mrs. Fairbanks is the daughter of Daniel J. Sully, cotton operator. The Earthanks were married in 1907 at Watch Hill, R. L.

Col. E. M. House, one of the United States delegates to the conference, that before the war England had a States delegates to the conference, that before the war England had a States delegates to the conference, military precautions taken at Irkutak was invited to attend, but will not be able to do so because of ill health. United States or with Russia and that the principal ports of debarkation for with "consequences we all know."

American troops. for President Wilson. The chief ex-

Celebration of War's End **Urged in Letter to Vice** President Marshall.

The Washington Board of Trade tolay went on record in favor of an inernational peace jubilee in Washingon, the character and date of which should be decided upon by Congress. The action was taken in the form morning here, following the lead of of a letter sent by Walter A. Brown. the plasterers and cement finishers president of the hourd, to Vice Presi- peared. dent Thomas R. Marshall, Speaker Champ Clark and the Commissioners of the District.

Mr. Brown's Letter.

Mr. Brown's letter reads as follows: to give expression to the feeling that exists among them, and to a great extent outside of the membership, in favor of the celebration to commemorate the termination of the war with Germany and her allies and war with stuffs. "But don't stop saving food. Simple leving is a vital necessity, and we must carry on the fight for conservation and against waste if we are to fulfill our pledge."

'Mr. McGrath has called the conservation and against waste if we are to fulfill our pledge." "On behalf of the members of the Germany and her allies and the defi-"Many of our members are in the service of the country, both at home and abroad, at sea and on the battle front, and the record of our organization shows that it has been characterized by a sincere feeling of parameters.

Should Have Broad Scope.

acterized by a sincere feeling of pa-

"We feel that it is most fitting that the peace celebration in the National Capital should be national, possibly international, in scope, and should be planned and conducted under the auspices of Congress and of the Commissioners of the District of Columbla as Congress may determine.

"Actuated by this feeling and the desire that our board should participate and be of congress."

BREWING STOPS TONIGHT

the proposed peace celebration when

ever Congress may decide upon its

Order Prohibiting the Manufacture of All Malt Beverages Not Rescinded.

Brewing of beer and other malt

everages will stop at midnight tonight throughout the United States. The special presidential committee which recommended the presidential proclamation prohibiting brewing as a war conservation measure decided today to make no recommendation to President Wilson on suggestions that the proclamation should be rescinded in view of the armistice.

On the committee are Chairman Ba-ruch of the War Industries Board, Chairman Vance McCormick of the War Trade Board, Fuel Administrator Garfield and W. A. Glasgow, acting food administrator in Mr. Hoover's

HUN PRISONERS RETURNING. Thousands of Soldiers Pouring

Back Through Metz and Verdun. PARIS, Wednesday, November 27 .-Fifteen thousand allied soldiers, who have been prisoners of war in Germany are pouring through Metz, and an equal number is passing through are on their way to London, so it is Verdun, according to Y. M. C. A. headquarters here. Americans and British are being received at Verdun by the Y. M. C. A., and are given food and tobacco, as well as any other aid that may be necessary. A large number of American officers will enter Switzerland on Fri-

day, according to the Y. M. C. A. These men are now being concen-trated at Villengen, Germany, for the transfer over the Swiss frontier. Shaw Comments on Russ Alliance.

LONDON, Friday, November 29 .-Speaking before the Fabian Society tonight. George Bernard Shaw said

FOOD SAVING CALL **BRANDS FOE LIAR**

Mr. Brownlow Says Nation Must Fight Agains World Famine.

PLEDGE TO BE FULFILLED

"Do not be deceived by the enemy iar who is still with us."

Commissioner Brownlow issued thi warning through the Citizens' Food Council to the people of Washington

The Commissioner's attention had seen attracted by what he termed the "insidious propaganda" that says we are asked to starve ourselves to feed the Germans. This is bolshevism that must be stamped out, he declared. must be stamped out, he declared.

"Necessity for conservation of food did not end with the close of the war," declared Mr. Brownlow. "For many months our British and French allies have been living on short rations, and for four years the Belgians and Serbians have been on the verge of starvation. We must feed the returned prisoners of war, a million or more, out of our surplus. It rests largely with the people of America how far the ravages of famine will go in Europe this winter.

Duty to Eliminate Waste.

"It is the duty of every citizen to eliminate every item of waste in food and thus contribute to the humanitarian work of checking the great famine. Do not be deceived by the insidious propaganda that says we are asked to starve ourselves to feed the Germans. Do not be deceived by the thoughtless who will tell you that the time for all sacrifice is over. Do not be deceived by the time for all sacrifice is over. Do the time for all sacrifice is over. Do not be deceived by the enemy liar who is still with us. Stop waste. Conserve food."

Commissioner Brownlow's statement was transmitted by John G. McGrath, president of the citizen's food council, to the food committees of all citizens associations and community centers today. An appeal by District

zens' associations and community centers today. An appeal by District Food Administrator Wilson for food conservation also was sent to these organizations by Mr. McGrath.

"In Russia, Serbia, Montenegro, parts of Italy, parts of France and Belgium, millions of tons of foodstuffs are needed now in the fight against famine," states the food administrator.

"The United States has pledged to send over during the coming year 20,000. March announced. The units comprising these mea will be made public later. In the list appear as entire divisions the 39th, the 76th and the 78th. The other troops comprise artillery units and Army corps troops.

Giving a brief outline of the activities in France of the 28th Division (Pennsylvania National Guard), Gen. over during the coming year 20,000,000 tons of foodstuffs, or 14,000,000 tons more than we used to send over each /year in normal pre-war times. While our production has increased, it has not increased enough to take care of this amount. Saving must go on, even though the necessity for some of the food regulations has disap-

Plenty of Wheat and Sugar. "We have plenty of wheat at this time and will probably soon have plenty of sugar, so it was the part of wisdom for Mr. Hoover to relax the rules relative to the disposition and consumption of these particular food-

UP TO WAR COUNCIL

PARIS, November 30 (by the Associated Press).-The plan for the appate and be of service I have the honor to tender the good offices of the Washington Board of Trade in American food administrator, as director general of relief, in charge of the entire food and relief administration for the European allies and the United States, has been given approval, it was learned today, by the very highest American authority. It now goes before the supreme war council for final determination. The relief plan involves, besides the appointment of Mr. Hoover, the use of the large passenger ships Imof the large passenger ships perator, Bismarck and other steamers in German ports for relief work and to help in securing the return of the American forces in Europe within a comparatively brief

Council to Meet in London.

The supreme war council, which now will pass upon the project, has been specially summoned to meet in London at the invitation of Premier Lioyd George. The council comprises the British, French and Italian pre-miers and Col. E. M. House as the American representative. Col. House will be unable to attend, however, owing to his recent attack of grippe, but the American views will be fully presented and the council will have in writing the proposals concerning Mr. Hoover's appointment and the use of the German ships.

Mr. Hoover, as director general of relief, would have a civilian position in relief work corresponding to that

of Marshal Foch in the military sphere. Thus, it is pointed out, his appointment would be an extension of the principle of inter-allied unity of command.

It is said that the part of the plan which provided for the flying of an inter-allied flag by steamers carrying relief supplies may not be put into effect. A large proportion of these relief ships will be American, and it is pointed out that the chief source the relief supplies will be American.

f the relief supplies will be Ameri-Premiers Clemenceau and Orlando will be convened on the coming

LONDON TO GREET PREMIERS.

LONDON, Friday, November 29 .-When Premier Clemenceau and Marshal Foch of France and Premier Orlando and Foreign Minister Sonnino of Italy arrive in London next week to attend a meeting of allied eaders preliminary to the peace contion through Hyde Park to give the people of London an opportunity to welcome them.

Col. E. M. House, one of the United State Department. ference they will drive from the sta-

OFFICIAL AMENDED CASUALTIES FOTAL **GIVEN AS 262,723**

TWO CENTS.

Report to November 26 Made by Gen. Pershing Does Not Include Prisoners.

28,363 DIE IN ACTION; **WOUNDS FATAL TO 12,101**

83,114 Designated for Farly Convoy to U. S .- District Machine Gunners Under Fire.

Gen. March, chief of staff, gave out today amended casualty reports from Gen. Pershing, giving the official total to November 26 as 262,723, exclusive of prisoners. The figures on prisoners were unintelligible in the cablegram. Gen. March said the total under this head probably would be practically the same as announced last Saturday. Gen. Pershing reported the follow

Killed in action, 28,363. Died of wounds, 12,101. Died of other causes, 1,980. Died of disease, 16,034.

ing official casualties to November 26

Missing in action, 14,290. Prisoners, unintelligible. Wounded, 189,955, divided as follows: Severely wounded, 54,751; undetermined, 43,168; slightly, 92,036.

For Early Convoy Home Gen. Pershing has designated for early convoy to the United States a

total of 3,451 officers and 79,663 men.

(Pennsylvania National Guard), Gen. March said four companies from this division had been stationed south of the Marne near Chateau Thierry when the last German drive toward Paris was repulsed. The division joined in the counter offensive in the Marne salient in the middle of the month and fought its way to the Vesle before it was relieved. September 4 it crossed the Vesle with the French advance.

In the Meuse-Argonne assault of the American Army this division took Chatel-Cherey in the action which broke German resistance on this

Of the 79th Division in which is the 112th Machine Gun Battalion from the District of Columbia, Gen. March said it was in action east of the Meuse advancing toward Davillers when the armistice ended hostilities. Details of its operations have not been received.

Bringing Soldiers Home.

Plans for bringing soldiers home, it meeting of all citizens' associations for next Friday night, in the District building, when food conservation pital ships for severely wounded and specially fitted transports for the slightly injured and convalescents. On arrival the men will be met by on arrival the men will be met by hospital trains and the Pullman company has been directed to convert a number of sleepers into hospital cars to take the men to the Army reconstruction hospitals, base hospitals and

other places already provided. Gen. March corrected an erroneous divisions, reported as withdrawn from the British lines, had been designated for early return to the United States These two divisions, he explained have been returned to Pershing's command and have not yet been assigned for transportation home.

Medals for Leaders.

Gen. Pershing has been directed by President Wilson to confer the distinguished service medal on Gen. Bliss. Revised Army estimates for the

coming year resulted in cutting the \$19,000,000,000 of Army appropriations to less than three billions, Gen. March Total number of troops already des-Total number of troops already designated for early discharge in the United States was given as 649,000. These include depot and development battalions, 26,000; divisional troops, 10,000; railway troops, 28,000; United States guards, 26,000; Tank Corps. 7,000; chemical warfare troops, 7,000; central officers' training schools, 20,000: Student Army Training Corps.

Student Army Training Corps, 160,000. Release 1,000 Per Camp Per Day. Already 46,378 men have been mus-Arready 10,318 men have been mustered out of the camps in this country. The schedule under which the department is working calls for an average of 1,000 men per camp per day to be released, and Gen. March said that every effort would be made to reach

this total. The War Department expects to bring back home in the month of December between 150,000 and 175,000 men. Gen. March said. To accomplish this it will use in addition to Army transports and converted cargo boats enough old battleships and cruisers to furnish an additional carrying ca-pacity for 25,000 men. Shipping experts expect to transport 300,000 monthly when the demobilization is

LITHUANIA PROCLAIMED REPUBLIC; HEAD CHOSEN

AMSTERDAM, November 30 .- The republic of Lithuania has been proclaimed at Riga, in the presence of the national council and great numbers of the population, the Rhenish Westphalian Gazette of Essen states. Karl Ullman is the president of the new republic.

BOLSHEVIKI SUPPRESSED. Wires Now Working Between Vla-

divostok and Irkutsk. Telegraphic communication has been reopened between Vladivostok and